TIPPECANOE, INDIANA

# CONTROLLING THE BLAST OPERATION

### WITHOUT BEING VISIBLY APPARENT

Worn, or out-of adjustment blast equipment can easily cause cleaning costs to be two or three times what they should be.

To protect against these profit robbing expenses, it is necessary to:

- a. Measure performance (keep records)
- B. Routinely inspect and adjust or repair equipment
- Select the proper abrasive by size and type for your operation.

### Measure Performance

Performance records are "vital" but must be simple if you spect them to be maintained.

Basic information required: hours operated (wheel hours); abrasive added; work cleaned (tons units, etc.); and ammeter reading.

This provides the basis for establishing two important figures — tons or units cleaned per wheel hour (whether the equipment is producing at full capacity), and abrasive used per ton or unit cleaned (whether equipment is operating efficient-

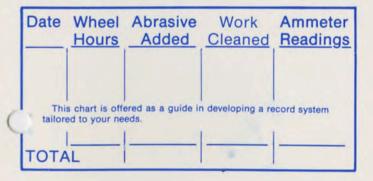
Ammeter
Readings
Full Load
Amperage

Work Cleaned Tons per hour

Work Cleaned = Ton Per Abr. Added 1 lb. shot

Any deviation from the norm should trigger corrective action.

This information also forms the basis for comparing the performance of different abrasive products. This is done by factoring in known expenses, such as, overhead, abrasive cost/lb., direct and maintenance labor and replacement parts costs.



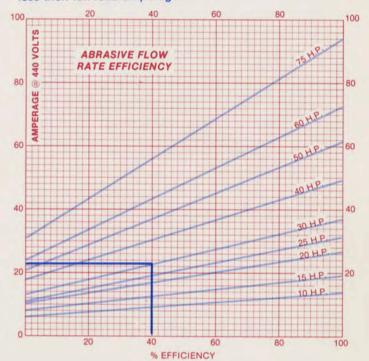
### **CONTROL EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE**

### **Abrasive Flow Rate**

Modern Blast equipment is designed to operate most efficiently when full abrasive capacity is being realized and a full work load is being cleaned.

Worn Nozzles and/or out-of-adjustment wheel parts, feed obstructions, under supplied hoppers and improper installation of feed spouts should be corrected.

The accompanying chart shows the dramatic drop in cleaning efficiency and coverage in equipment operated at less then full load amperage.



### **Direction of Blast**

A misdirected blast pattern results in cleaning almost exclusively by rebound, causing maintenance costs to soar and extremely long cleaning cycles.

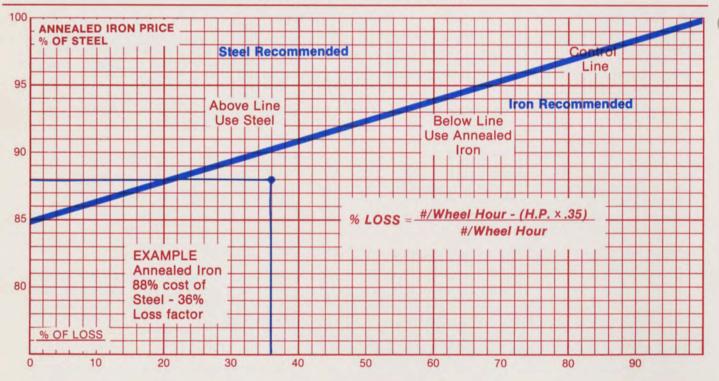
This problem can be avoided through easy to perform inspection of the wheel components and check of the blast pattern.

The diagram shows the relationship between control cage setting and the blast direction.

### SAE Shot and Grit Size Specifications with Suggested Removal Sizes

SH	OT	.01	7	.017	7	.017		.017		.011		011		.004		.004		.004		004	Rem	OVE
nominal	_	S780	0	S66	0	S550	)	S460	0	S390	0	S33	0	S28	0	S23	0	S17	0	S11(	0	Siz
SCREEN SIZE	MESH NO.																					
0.111	7	All Pass	All Pass																			
0.0937	8			All	All Pass																	
0.0787	10	85% min	80% min			Pass	All Pass	Pass														
0.0661	12	97% min	90% min	85% min	80% min			5% max	All Pass	All Pass												
0.0555	14			97% min	90% min	85% min	80% min			5% max	All Pass	All Pass										
0.0469	16					97% min	90% min	85% min	75% min			5% max	All Pass	All Pass								
0.0394	18							96% min	85% min	85% min	75% min		-	5% max	All Pass	All Pass						
0.0331	20									96% min		85% min			1 000	10% max		All Pass				
0.0280	25										85% min	96% min	70% min	85% min			All Pass	10% max				
0.0232	30													96% min		85% min				All Pass		
0.0197	35															97% min				10% max		
0.0165	40												80% min		70% min			85% min	All	HIGH		
0.0138	45												311111		3(1))1			97% min	7 1100			
0.0117	50														80% min		65% min			80% min		
0.007	80														100		75% min		65% min	90% min		
0.0049	120																11111		75% min			
3.77	GR	IT E	G10		G12	T	G14		G16		G18		G25		G40		G50		G80			
nom	inal si		.017	7	.017		.017		.017		.01	1	.011		.004		.004		.004	Ren	noval	Si

### **Abrasives Selection Chart**





### U.S. ABRASIVES

P.O. BOX 155 • 2900 CENTER STREET TIPPECANOE, INDIANA • 46570-0155

Telephone 1-800-348-2533



### ABRASIVE SELECTION

### First a Little History

In the "Post War Period" and the 50's, there were three types of abrasives available for cleaning and peening applications, chilled iron, annealed iron and steel. In the 60's, new emission control laws caused many iron foundries and iron abrasive producers to close their operations because of the cost of emission control equipment. Some switched to producing steel abrasives and others just closed up shop. Steel abrasive producers using electric furnaces for melting were not confronted with this requirement, hence, expanded and absorbed the market left by the iron manufacturers.

Reduced availability of iron abrasives resulted in many users switching to steel of necessity.

U.S. Abrasives, in its new plant in Tippecanoe, Indiana, has over-come this economic problem by combining the production of both high quality iron castings and iron abrasives from a common cupola.

THE RESULT IS QUALITY IRON ABRASIVE, PARTICULARLY ANNEALED IRON WITH ITS DEMONSTRATABLE ADVANTAGES IS AGAIN AVAILABLE IN QUANTITY IN THE MARKET PLACE.

### Now To Abrasive Selection

Abrasives fail after repeated impacts into two or more particles — tend to reform under additional impacts — and then refracture. This cycle is repeated until the particles are too small to be of any value in cleaning or peening and are removed from the system.

"WHETHER AN ABRASIVE OPERATING MIX IS PREDOMINATELY ANGULAR OR PARTIALLY ANGULAR OR MOSTLY ROUND IS A DIRECT FUNCTION OF THE BREAKDOWN RATE."

If you require an angular operating mix, chilled iron is the elective abrasive. If a partially angular operating mix is desired, annealed iron is the elective abrasive; and if a mostly round operating mix is desired, steel is the elective abrasive.

Now let us examine the characteristics of each and the type of applications where each apply.

### Chilled Iron

Chilled iron operating mix is predominately angular and is the elective abrasive for airblast applications where its higher breakdown rate is more than offset by power and labor savings due to its faster cleaning speed. In addition, the particles under foot present much less hazard to the operator because of their angularity.

Other elective applications for chilled iron are mill-roll etching, surface preparation for coatings (where a clean sharply etched surface is necessary for lasting adhesion) and many heat-treat operations where the contaminants are an integral part of the surface.

### **Annealed Iron**

Annealed Iron operating mix is partially angular and is an excellent general purpose abrasive. Because of its percentage of angular pellets it will clean somewhat faster than steel, particularly on parts with hard to clean areas, such as, burnt-in sand, etc. Variations in the condition of work being processed are more easily accommodated than with less aggressive abrasives.

Though its breakdown rate is somewhat greater than steel, its lower initial price and faster cleaning rate more than offset this difference. Add to this the fact that abrasive losses of any kind, spillage, leakage or carryout work directly against the cost effectiveness of the more expensive abrasive, making annealed iron the elective abrasive for many cleaning applications.

### **Electric Furnace Steel**

Electric furnace steel will have an operating mix that will be predominately round, even in the higher hardness ranges. It has the lowest breakdown rate of all the abrasives, and is the most widely used material. Electric furnace steel should be the elective abrasive where physical loss is maintained below 15-20% and the surface contaminants are easily removed.

### The Effect of Physical Losses on Abrasive Selection

In applications where steel or annealed iron will work equally well, physical losses may dictate the logical selection. The chart on the following page provides the basis for this determination. To use this chart, it is necessary to do the following:

STEP 1. Establish your physical loss percentage, % of loss is (actual wheel hour consumption) minus (no loss consumption\*) divided by (actual wheel hour consumption).

Locate this spot on the horizontal line.

Step 2. Select the annealed iron price (% of steel). Freight is an important factor, so delivered prices should be used.

Locate this point on the vertical line.

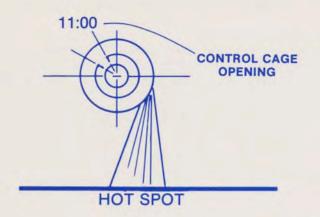
Draw lines from these two points. Where the lines intersect, will give you a basis for abrasive selection. If the point is above the line, steel should be your choice; if the point is below the line, annealed iron will be the more economical.

The example drawn on the graph shows a 20 H.P. motor, using 11 pounds of shot per hour with a price 88% the price of steel.

$$\frac{11 - (.35^* \times 20 \text{ H.P.})}{11} = \frac{.11 - 7}{11} = 36\%$$

\*No loss consumption is .35#/H.P./Hour

### CONTROL EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE (Cont.)



### A BALANCED ABRASIVE MIX GIVES MOST EFFICIENT CLEANING ACTION 50

### Abrasive Operating Mix

Efficient abrasive operating mixes contain a balance of large pellets needed to loosen contaminants and medium to small to scour the surface clean. Too high a percentage of large pellets result in poor coverage and long cleaning cycles. A poor operating mix is generally the result of improper removal size and high abrasive losses.

### Abrasive Removal Size

In a properly operating machine, abrasive removal size will establish operating mix (assuming regular abrasive additions) and effect both cleaning speed and abrasive consumption. The fact, increasing removal size by just .005" can increase consumption by over 50%, points out the importance of proper separator adjustment.

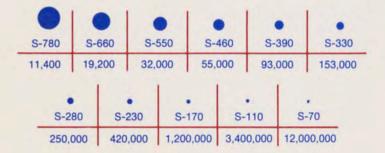
The charts on the last page indicate SAE screen spec's for each abrasive size and recommended removal size.

#### Other Losses

20 to 30% of abrasive consumed in a reasonably controlled operation may be physical losses, caused by spillage, leakage and carryout, however, it is not uncommon in many installations (particularly foundry operations) where onehalf to two-thirds is consumed for these reasons.

These losses must be maintained at normal levels if operating mix is to be balanced and abrasive consumption reasonable.

Routine screen analysis of operating mix, separator discharge, and dust collector discharge is the way to control these losses. Any deviation from an established norm should trigger corrective action.



Efficient abrasive operating mixtures should contain large, medium and small pellets. The large pellets disturb the surface, loosening contaminants. The small abrasive particles scour the loosened contaminants from the work surface. These smaller abrasive pellets also provide coverage of the work, greatly increasing cleaning speed. Pollets

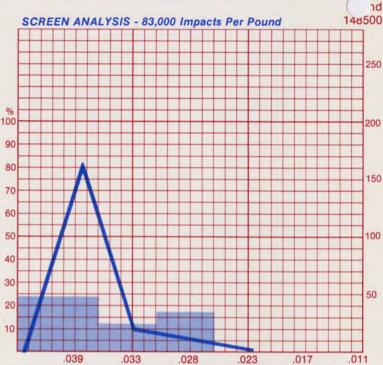


Fig. A Illustrates the size distribution of an S-390 operating mixture composed mainly of full size abrasive. This condition can be caused by a large addition of new abrasive, by heavy carry-out of abrasive, or by the removal of fine abrasive pellets by the separator or dust collector. This mixture would give only 148,500 impacts per pound thrown by the wheel, and would clean very slowly, while giving the parts a coarse finish.

The charts compare the number of impacts per pound between ideal and poor operating mixes of S-390 shot.

Pellets Pound

SCREEN ANALYSIS - 550,000 Impacts Per Pound 400880 250 200 80 150 70 100 40 30 50 20 .039

Fig. B Illustrates a good operating mixture of S-390 Shot, in which the breakdown products of the full sized pellets are retained for their full life. This mixture gives over 400,880 impacts per pound of abrasive thrown by the wheel, and would clean rapidly with minimum cost.

TIPPECANOE, INDIANA

### **INTRODUCING T/Steel**

## MANUFACTURED IN ELECTRIC FURNACE UTILIZING OUR NEWLY DEVELOPED PROCESS \* \* \* PLUS BORON \* \* \*

The new product "T/Steel" will meet SAE and SFS specifications for hardness and screening. T/Steel is available in all sizes of shot. After many tests in the field and in the laboratory, T/Steel has improved cleaning efficiency and increased life expectancy of 25% plus.

Due to its unique micro-structure and manufacturing technique, T/Steel has been proven in all metal working industries.

This added life, at no extra cost, should put us at the top of your abrasives list. Don't leave your profits out in the dust collector: Let us show you our service and high quality material and what it can do for you! For any application, we can supply all your metallic abrasives needs.





#### U. S. ABRASIVES

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Telephone 1-800-348-2533



Division Jumbo Manufacturing, Inc.

P. O. BOX 155 • 2900 CENTER STREET TIPPECANOE, INDIANA • 46570-1055 Telephone: (219) 498-6364

	AGENT	20 TON	AGENT	10 TO 19 TON	AGENT	1 TO 9 TON
T/S 1110/930	(322.20)	358.00	(331.20)	368.00	(344.70)	383.00
T/S 780	(322.20)	358.00	(331.20)	368.00	(344.70)	383.00
T/S 660	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 550	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 460	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 390	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 330	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 280	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 230	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 170	(335.70)	373.00	(344.70)	383.00	(360.00)	400.00
T/S 110	(367.20)	408.00	(376.20)	418.00	(389.70)	433.00
T/S 70	(403.20)	448.00	(412.20)	458.00	(425.70)	473.00

TERMS: PER TON PRICE QUOTED F.O.B. TIPPECANOE, IN., 30 DAYS NET

PACKAGE: 50# BAGS; 40 BAGS IN CARTON

55 GAL. STEEL DRUMS 2000# PER DRUM

(AGENTS) PRICES ARE 10% FROM FULL LIST. ANY PRICING BELOW LIST WILL BE NEGOTIATED.

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO STEEL SCRAP SUPPLEMENT IN EFFECT AT TIME OF SHIPMENT. BASIC PRICE OF \$100.00 PER TON WILL BE USED.

LESS THAN ONE TON SHIPMENTS WILL BE PRORATED AT ONE TON PRICE PLUS \$50.00 FOR EXTRA HANDLING.



GREDE FOUNDRIES, INC.

**GENERAL OFFICES** 

P.O. BOX 26499 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN 53226-0499 414-257-3600

GRAY IRON

IRON MOUNTAIN FOUNDRY - KINGSFORD, MICHIGAN ROBERTS FOUNDRY CO, INC - GREENWOOD, SOUTH CAROLINA GREDE PERM CAST, INC - CYNTHIANA, KENTUCKY GREDE-VASSAR, INC - VASSAR MICHIGAN

DUCTILE IRON

LIBERTY FOUNDRY - WAUWATOSA, WISCONSIN REEDSBURG FOUNDRY - REEDSBURG, WISCONSIN WICHITA FOUNDRY - WICHITA, KANSAS STEEL

MILWAUKEE STEEL FOUNDRY - MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN SPECIAL SERVICES

SHORT RUN SPECIALTY FOUNDRY - MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

January 20, 1988

ATTN: GENERAL MANAGER U.S.ABRASIVES 2900 CENTER STREET P.O.BOX 155 TIPPECANOE, INDIANA 46570

#### Gentlemen:

Continuing to be a leader in the foundry industry necessitates a strong working relationship with our suppliers of goods and services.

Grede Foundries feels this relationship is vital if we are to prosper and remain competitive. We also realize that you are an extension of our manufacturing facilities. You are an important member of our team. If we both supply a high quality product at a competitive price, together we will prosper.

For the period of November 1, 1986 through October 31, 1987, your company received a Quality Rating of:

97.51%

Your previous Quality Rating was:

-35.34%

As shown by the classification listed below, your rating reflects a good effort to supply a quality product.

We appreciate the effort you have put forth and will be happy to work with you in the future to improve or maintain this level of performance.

Sincerely,

Grede Foundries, Inc.

farmer iv.

James W. Krueger Director of Purchasing

RATING PERFORMANCE LEVEL 98-100% EXCELLENT 92-98% GOOD

92-98% GOOD 85-92% POOR

<85% UNACCEPTABLE

Yould & Mark

Todd G. Martin Quality Technician



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"FOUNDRY BLENDS TO MEET YOUR CLEANING NEEDS"

\*\*\*\*

Custom Blended For Your Specific Cleaning Problems !!!

FAST BLAST Annealed Shot/Steel Shot

RAPID BLAST Annealed Grit/Steel Shot

FOUNDRY BLEND STEEL SHOT MIX 550/460/390/330/280/230

T/Steel Shot is capable of up to 25% longer life when compared to conventional shot. With a mix of 75% T/Steel and 25% annealed iron shot U. S. Abrasives can lower your cleaning costs without sacrificing cleaning time. The Life Cycles of the mix will be the same when compared to conventional shot.

### LIFE COMPARISON TEST

### ERVIN

TVOD	43104	00
FUK	AMCA	51

	SAMPL		S MATERIAL ZE TS-460/	/550 Mix		Ervin COMPETITORS MATERIAL Amasteel SAMPLE SIZE <u>S-46</u> 0-550							
SCREEN ANALYSIS	CUMUL. PASSES	DISCH. SCREEN	% REMAINING	% LOSS	% CUMUL. LOSS	SCREEN ANALYSIS	CUMUL. PASSES	DISCH. SCREEN	% REMAINING	% LOSS	% CUMUL.		
.0787> T	500	.0165	93	7	7	.10787 ≻ T	500	.0165	92	8	LOSS		
.0661>40.5%	1,000	.0165	92	8	15	.0661 > 51%	1,000	.0165	83	17	25		
.0555>82%	1,500	.0165	92	8	23	.0555>78%	1,500	.0165	81	19	44		
0469>98.9%	2,000	.0165	86	14	37	.0469 > 95%	2,000	.0165	80	20	64		
0394>100%	2,500	.0165	83	17	54	.0394>100%	2,500	.0165	80	20	84		
	3,000	.0165	83	17	71	.0331 > T	3,000	.0165	80	20	104		
	3,500	.0165	83	17	88		2,900	.0165	83	16	100		
	4,000	.0165	84	16	104		4,000	10200		10	100		
	3,950	.0165	87	12	100		1,000						
	4,700												
	4,900												
	5,000												
	5,500												
		arbon .16	65 6	21% long	ER life	COMMEN	NTS _ G	ARbox .975					



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PRICE SCHEDULE

					10 TON TO				
ITEM		AGENT	20 TON & OVER	AGENT	LESS THAN 20 TONS	AGENT	LESS THAN 10 TONS	AGENT	LESS THAN 1 TON
CHILLED IRON (ALL SIZES		(279.00)	310.00	(288.00)	320.00	(297.00)	330.00	(324.00)	360.00
CHILLED IRON	GRIT								
G-10, 12, 14	, 16, 18	(292.50)	325.00	(301.50)	335.00	(310.50)	345.00	(337.50)	375.00
G-25		(301.50)	335.00	(310.50)	345.00	(319.50)	355.00	(346.50)	385.00
G-40, 50		(328.50)	365.00	(337.50)	375.00	(346.50)	385.00	(373.50)	415.00
G-80		(342.00)	380.00	(351.00)	390.00	(360.00)	400.00	(387.00)	430.00
G-120 & FINE	R	(346.50)	385.00	(355.50)	395.00	(364.50)	405.00	(391.50)	435.00
ANNEALED SHOT		(283.50)	315.00	(292.50)	325.00	(301.50)	335.00	(328.50)	365.00
ANNEALED GRI	Г								
G-10, 12, 14	, 16, 18,	(297,00)	330.00	(306.00)	340.00	(315.00)	350.00	(342.00)	380.00
G-25		(306,00)	340.00	(315.00)	350.00	(324.00)	360.00	(351.00)	390.00
G-40, 50		(333,00)	370.00	(342.00)	380.00	(351.00)	390.00	(378.00)	420.00
MINIMUM CHARC	GE		75.00						
SDECTAL SCORE	ENTING								

SPECIAL SCREENING

CHARGE 50.00

50.00 TO 100.00 PER TON

PACKAGING IS IN 501b. BAGS, 40 BAGS PER CARTON, BANDED TO DISPOSABLE WOODEN PALLET: CR 55 GALLON DRUM, PALLETIZED CONTAINING 20001b. OF SHOT, AND THE FOLLOWING QUANTITIES OF GRIT: G-10 THRU G-50 17001b. PER DRUM, G-80 AND FINER 15001b. PER DRUM.

TERMS ARE NET THIRTY (30) DAYS. ALL PRICES ARE PER NET TON, F.O.B. TIPPECANOE, INDIANA, NOTIFICATION OF ANY SCRAP SURCHARGE IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SHIPMENT WILL BE MADE PRICE TO SHOW SUITABLE.



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## LIFE CYCLE COMPARISON, T/STEEL VS THE COMPETITION

SHOT	MANUFACTURING FIRM												
	U.S. ABRASIVES	METAL TECH	ALLOY	GLOBE	WHEEL- ABRATOR	PANGBORN	NATIONA						
s-660	3645	3350	3150	2688	2780	N/A	2641						
s-550	3875	3410	2880	2680	2985	N/A	N/A						
S-460	3950	3810	2985	N/A	2820	2420	2610						
s-390	3945	3715	2895	2915	3290	2680	N/A						
s-330	4725	4570	3120	3710	3680	3315	3418						
S-280	4715	4315	N/A	N/A	N/A	3070	N/A						
S-230	4980	4250	3285	3615	N/A	3075	N/A						

#### NOTE:

- Spaces marked N/A indicate material for testing was not available at the time of testing.
- 2. All materials tested, were screened for accuracy of size, and each tested under very precise laboratory conditions.
- Tests were run in a life cycle testor in accordance with recommended test procedures for steel shot.



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### STEEL SHOT SPECIFICATION DATA

The Steel Shot shall be U. S. Abrasives Type

The shot, is manufactured in an electric furnace. The following is a typical analysis:

#### CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

(a)	Carbon	.17 %
(b)	Manganese	.62%
	Silicon	
(d)	Phosporus	.022%
	Sulfur	
(f)	Boron	- 002%

This material will have an average hardness rating of 40-45 Rockwell-C Screen analysis conforms to S.A.E. Specifications

Packaging will be in 55 gallon drums or bags 40-50# bags per pallet

### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I

PRODUCT NAME OR NUMBER (as it appears on label)  Steel Shot		GM COMMON COL	DE
MANUFACTURER'S NAME U. S. Abrasives	11 11 1.39	EMERGENCY TELE	
ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State and Zip Code)  2900 Center St PO Box 155 . Tippecanoe, 1	IN 46570	MANUFACTURER'S	S D-U-N-S NO.
ADDITIONAL HAZARD CLASSES (as applicable)	i	- Call	
CHEMICAL FAMILY	FORMULA		
Low Carbon Steel	Tipical C.15	, Mag150,	Si .20 99%
SECTION II — INGI		Engles S	

CAS REGISTRY NO.	%W	%V	اللشاوي	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	93R	Listed as a Carcinogen in NTP, IARC or OSHA 1910(z) (specify)
None		.15	Carbon	STILLS SO HER RESIDENCE		
None		.15	Mag.	a toget that the	41.5	
None		.20	Si			
None		99	Steel			
			1.00			
					* * *	
NETHERS	1		HEAT COLD	THE PARTY NAMED IN	OTTO SECTION	
			7.			

SECTION III — PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT 2700F °C		SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H,O = 1)	7.0		
VAPOR PRESSURE	psi	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	N/A	PERCENT SOLID BY WEIGHT (%)	100%
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)	N/A	EVAPORATION RATE ( = 1)	N/A		
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	N/A	pH =	N/A	Constitution and the second	
APPEARANCE AND ODOR				IS MATERIAL: LIQUID S GAS PASTE POWDER	OLID

### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT Method used	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	N/A	N/A
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Water - CO 2 - Foam		21/22	14/11
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES Material not combustible as used			Gill.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Very fine material will burn when ex	sposed to flame or	cutting to	rch.
Remove heat and extinguish with water	er CO 2 or Foam		

### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

				SECTIO	NI				
PRODUCT NAME OR				and the state of t	1000	*	GM COM	MON CODE	
Chilled :			ot and	d Grit ·		-			
								342-0287	E NO.
U. S. Abrasis ADDRESS (Number.	Street	City, S	state and a	Zip Code)		-		TURER'S D-U-	N-S NO.
2900 Cer	nter	St.	Tippe	ecanoe, IN 465	70				
				OPER SHIPPING NAME, HAZA	RD CLASS.	HAZAR	D ID NO. (49 CFR	172.101)	
Chilled ADDITIONAL HAZAR							*		
None	U CLA	3323 (	as applica	.,		4,			
CHEMICAL FAMILY		٠.,			FORM	VLA			
Cast I	ron				94% 1	Fe. 39	C. 1.6 Si	5 Mg	
				SECTION II — IN			3		
CAS REGISTRY NO.	%W	%V		CHEMICAL			:	Listed as a in NTP, IAR	Carcinogen IC or OSHA
			000	18.3.1 R.3. c592.10	r (a Pare	111		1910(z) (	specify)
None	N/A	3	Carbo	n				None	
None	N/A	94	Iro	n				None	
None	N/A	1.6	Si				And parties	None	
N	N/A		Max						
None	N/A	.5	Mg			-		None	
	-								
					- 50				
5 5 7 2			Lymon	DESTRUCTED IN SHIP	sanv i	tori	132		
	-						104		
			-			-			
			SI	ECTION III — PHY	SICAL	DAT	ГА		
BOILING POINT	°F	_ °C	-0.0	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O = 1)		7.2	10000000		
APOR PRESSURE	_		П	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VO	LUME (%)	N/A	PERCENT SOLID	BY	1009
APOR DENSITY IAIR		in rig		EVAPORATION RATE (	= 1)		WEIGHT (%)		
SOLUBILITY IN WATE	R		N/A	pH=		N/A			
			N/A			N/A	I IC MATERIA:	1101115	601:10
Small partic	les	gray	blue o	oderless			IS MATERIAL:	ASTE POW	SOLID
	ŞEC	CTIO	N IV -	- FIRE AND EXP	LOSIO	N HA	AZARD DA	TA	
LASH POINT N/A	F	,c	method	d used N/A	FLAMMABI	LE LIMIT	S N/A	N/A	UEL
XTINGUISHING MED	DIA W		- CP	2 - Foam					
PECIAL FIRE FIGHTIN									
NON C	Damou	Stlb.	ie as i	usea					
INVESTIGATION AND	EVO! C	201011	1474000						
Fine 325	and	down	n Will	burn when exposed	to flam	e. R	emove heat a	and	
extingui									

EFFECTS O	F OVEREXPO	SURE -	Condition	s to Av	oid mbedded i	0.000	THRESHOLD L	IMIT VALUE	
Carr	cause ey	C IIII	ección	11 1	mbedded I	ii eye	OTHER LIMIT	EXPOSURE LIM	II C
	-7-2-31				3400	10185	The state of		None
DOIMANDY	OUTES OF S	NITON		- C	2				
					n Contact [	Other (specifi	Through.	skin or.e	yes
Eve (	Y AND FIRS	th cl	ean clo	s oth -	Consult i	ohveicia			wash wound -
					physicion			rasion -	wassi wound -
DI-UN								· ·	
				FCT	ION VLP	EACTIV	ITV DATA		
-	UNSTABLE		SECTION VI-REACTIVITY DATA  CONDITIONS TO AVOID						
STABILITY	STABLE	-	35.75		N/I	A	-		
INCOMPAT	BILITY (mate	X	word)	.'					
					N/A		- 1	YOUR	
HAZAHDOU	S DECOMPO	on -	OX1G1ZE	s to	iron oxid	de in co	ntact with	moisture	
HAZARDOU	S	MAY O	CCUR	N/A	CONDITIONS	TO AVOID			
POLYMERIZ	ATION W	ILL NOT	OCCUR	N/A	soll flu to	ni			
	-		. 1			-		10	
			FOTIO				V 550055		
CTERC TO F	F TAVEN IN						K PROCED	URES	
STEPS TO E	E TAKEN IN	CASE N	IATERIAL I	S RELEA	ASED OR SPILL	ED .			
Sweep	from f	loor	to prev	ent i	fall type	injuries	5		
WASTE DIS	POSAL METI	HOD							
							fill. It		
BCRA HAZA	agnet, a	air se	eparati	on, (	or by scre	ening to	remove du	st and deb	ris.
						,			(
VOLATILE O	HEANIC CO	MPOUNI	O (VOC) (as	packag	jed, minus wate	N/2	. A		/
_ Theoretic	;a!	lb/gal	N/A			☐ Analy	yticallb/	gal N/A	
					-				
		SECT	ION V	III-SE	PECIAL P	ROTEC	TION INFO	RMATIO	N
RESPIRATO	RY PROTECT								•
	LOCAL	EXHAUS	T (Specify	Rate)	-		1 9	PECIAL	
VENTILATIO	Nor	mally	not n	equir	red				
VENTILATION MECHANICAL (			Senerali (S	pecity	nate)	and the latest		THER	
PROTECTIVE	GLOVES (s	pecify ty	pe)			EYE PRO	TECTION (specify	type)	
OTHER PRO	TECTIVE EQ	UIPMEN'	N/	Δ					
			14/ /	-				•	
			CEC	TION	I IV CDE	CIAL DE	RECAUTIO	NC	
	NS TO BE TA	KEN IN							
PRECAUTIO	acial ny	ecaut				h floor	loading and	stacking	
				re fo	ot				
	mely hea	vy pe	r squai						
Extre	mely hea	vy pe		V/A					
Extre	mely hea	vy pe			el cont	min-			
Extre	mely hea	ivy pe			KH WHA	arn -			
Extre	mely hea	Selle	r agrees no	N/A	ert any claim (c	other than a c	claim for a patent	nfringement)	
Extre	mely hea	Selle agair or in	r agrees no	N/A	ert any claim (c Corporation fo d in connection	any use or	disclosure of any to estionnaire.	nfringement) echnical data	
Extre	MPLETE QUE	Selle agair or in	r agrees no	N/A	Corporation fo	any use or	disclosure of any to destionnaire.	echnical data	
Extre	MPLETE QUE	Selle agair or in	r agrees no	N/A	Corporation fo	r any use or	disclosure of any trestionnaire.  orint) S. Abrasive	echnical data	
Extre	MPLETE QUE	Selle agair or in	r agrees no	N/A ot to ass	Corporation fo	Name (p	disclosure of any trestionnaire. S. Abrasive	s. f	
Extre	MPLETE QUE	Selle agair or in	r agrees no	N/A ot to ass	Corporation fo	Name (p	disclosure of any trestionnaire.  orint) S. Abrasive	s.f	ent

EFFECTS O	F OVEREXPOSUR	RE - Conditio	THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE					
Con on	uaa arra ind	Faction i	£ imbod	Idad in au	0100	OTHER LIMIT . None		
Can ca	use eye inf	tection i	I Imbed	idea in eye	9	None None		
PRIMARY F	OUTES OF ENTR	Y Inhalation	Skin C	ontact Oth	er (specify)		-	
EMERGENC	Y AND FIRST AIL	PROCEDURE	Scloth	- Consult	Physic	ian - Skin abrasion-wash wour	d-	
disin	fect - band	dage - co	nsult p	hician	THYSIC	Tall Briti abiqsion wash woul	iu-	
			SECTIO	N VI-RE	ACTIVI	ITY DATA		
	UNSTABLE		SECTION VI-REACTIVITY DATA  CONDITIONS TO AVOID N/A					
STABILITY	STABLE	7		N/A				
INCOMPAT	BILITY (materials		N/A				-	
HAZARDOU	S DECOMPOSITION ON THE POXICIES	ON PRODUCT		in contact	- with	moisture .		
HAZARDOU	AAA	MAY OCCUR		ONDITIONS TO		·	-	
POLYMERIZ	ATION WILL N	OT OCCUR	N/A N/A	pidis seg	17			
						· ·		
		SECTIO	NI VIII	CDII I OD	IEAK	PROCEDURES		
STEPS TO B	E TAKEN IN CAS				LEAN	PROCEDURES	_	
					*			
	from floor		nt fall	type inju	iries			
Materia	al by itsel	i can be	e dispos	sed of in	land f	ill. It can be reclaimed by		
magnet	air separ	ation, or	by scr	eening to	remove	dust and debris.		
RCRA HAZA	RDOUS WASTE	NO. (40 CFR 26	31.33)					
VOLATILE O	RGANIC COMPO	UND (VOC) (as	packaged,	minus water)	N/A		(	
☐ Theoretic	allb/ga	N/A			☐ Analyti	calIb/gal N/A		
	SEC	TION V	III-SPE	CIAL PRO	TECT	ION INFORMATION		
RESPIRATOR	single - u	specify type) se respin	rator wh	hen handli	ng grit	t or grit dust		
	Normal 1	AUST (Specify	(Specify Rate) not required			SPECIAL		
VENTILATIO	MECHANICA	L (General) (S	pecify Rate	)		OTHER		
PROTECTIVE	GLOVES (specify	(type)	rpe)			ECTION (specify type)		
OTHER PRO	TECTIVE EQUIPM	ENT	N	/A			_	
	- PATROCK	-	14/					
		CEC	TION	V CDECL	AL DOS	CALITIONS		
PRECAUTION	S TO BE TAKEN					CAUTIONS		
No spec				Watch fl	oor loa	ading and stacking		
	elv heavy	per squar	re foot					
Extrem								
Extren						Visitersex		
Extren	AUTIONS					VI site coses		
Extrem	AUTIONS I/A	ainst General	Motors Cor	poration for an	v use or dis	im for a patent infringement)		
Extrem OTHER PREC	AUTIONS I/A  Se ag or indicate of the control of th	ainst General	Motors Cor	poration for an	y use or dis h this ques Name (prin	sclosure of any technical data stionnaire.		
Extrem	AUTIONS I/A  Se ag or indicate of the control of th	ainst General	Motors Cor	connection wit	y use or dis h this ques Name (prin	sclosure of any technical data stronnaire. Oth Hetzell .	r	
Extrem OTHER PREC	AUTIONS I/A  Se ag or indicate of the control of th	ainst General	Motors Cor	connection wit	y use or dis h this ques Name (prin AIVi Signature	sclosure of any technical data stionnaire.	10.	
Extrem	AUTIONS I/A  Se ag or indicate of the control of th	ainst General	Motors Cor	poration for an connection wit	y use or dis h this ques Name (prin AIVi	sclosure of any technical data stronnaire. Oth Hetzell .		